



**K.S.R** COLLEGE OF  
ENGINEERING

An Autonomous Institution  
(Approved by AICTE, Affiliated to Anna  
University, Accredited by NAAC A++)

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER  
SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

# CHRONICLE BYTES

**TECHNICAL MAGAZINE - 2025**

**ACADEMIC YEAR 2024 - 2025**

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### ***VISION OF THE INSTITUTE***

To become a globally renowned institution in engineering and management, committed to provide holistic education that fosters research, innovation and sustainable development.

### ***MISSION OF THE INSTITUTE***

IM 1 Deliver value-based quality education through modern pedagogy and experiential learning

IM 2 Enrich engineering and managerial skills through cutting-edge laboratories to meet evolving global demands

IM 3 Empower research and innovation by integrating collaboration, social responsibility, and commitment to sustainable development

### ***VISION OF THE DEPARTMENT***

To produce globally competent researchers and innovators in computer science and engineering, committed to ethical values and sustainable development

### ***MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT***

DM 1 Provide high-quality learner-centric education in computer science and engineering through experiential learning and modern pedagogy.

DM 2 Enhance holistic, value-driven education through state-of-the-art laboratory facilities to meet global industry demand.

DM 3 Promote interdisciplinary innovation and research committed to sustainable development.

### ***PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOS):***

PEO 1

Core Competency: Graduates will integrate engineering fundamentals and computing to devise innovative solutions and effectively resolve complex problems.

PEO 2

Professionalism: Graduates will drive sustainable and ethical solutions by integrating creative thinking and collaborative learning.

PEO 3

Career Development: Graduates will enhance their careers through continuous learning, innovation, and research to meet the evolving needs of the industry.

### ***PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)***

PSO1 Technical competency: Develop and Implement computer solutions that accomplish goals to the industry, government or research by exploring new technologies.

PSO2 Professional awareness: Grow intellectually and professionally in the chosen field.

## ***PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)***

***PO1*** Engineering Knowledge: Apply knowledge of mathematics, natural science, computing, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in WK1 to WK4 respectively to develop to the solution of complex engineering problems ***PO2***

Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions with consideration for sustainable development. (WK1 to WK4)

***PO3*** Design/Development of Solutions: Design creative solutions for complex engineering problems and design/develop systems/components/processes to meet identified needs with consideration for the public health and safety, whole-life cost, net zero carbon, culture, society and environment as required. (WK5) ***PO4*** Conduct

Investigations of Complex Problems: Conduct investigations of complex engineering problems using research-based knowledge including design of experiments, modelling, analysis & interpretation of data to provide valid conclusions. (WK8). ***PO5***

Engineering Tool Usage: Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering & IT tools, including prediction and modelling recognizing their limitations to solve complex engineering problems. (WK2 and WK6).

### ***PO6***

The Engineer and The World: Analyze and evaluate societal and environmental aspects while solving complex engineering problems for its impact on sustainability with reference to economy, health, safety, legal framework, culture and environment. (WK1, WK5, and WK7).

### ***PO7***

Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics, human values, diversity and inclusion; adhere to national & international laws. (WK9)

***PO8*** Individual and Collaborative Team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse/multi-disciplinary teams.

### ***PO9***

Communication: Communicate effectively and inclusively within the engineering community and society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations considering cultural, language, and learning differences.

### ***PO10***

Project Management and Finance: Apply knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision-making and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, and to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

### ***PO11***

Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability for i) independent and life-long learning ii) adaptability to new and emerging technologies and iii) critical thinking in the broadest context of technological change. (WK8)

*MAGAZINE 2024*



***K.S.R. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING***

*An Autonomous Institution*

***Thiru.R.SRINIVASAN, B.B.M.***  
***Chairman,***  
***KSR Educational Institutions***



### ***Message***

Education is the foundation of a brighter tomorrow, and this magazine reflects the vibrant spirit of our learners. May it continue to inspire creativity, excellence, and lifelong curiosity in every reader. The college's proactive approach to research and development plays a pivotal role in shaping both students and faculty into intellectuals capable of meeting the challenges of the modern world. Through various initiatives, KSRCE explores new areas of practice and enhances the quality of professional services, ensuring that its community remains at the forefront of innovation and excellence.

The upcoming magazine promises to be a significant milestone in this journey, reflecting the vibrant spirit of KSRCE's learners and their relentless pursuit of knowledge. It serves as a testament to the institution's unwavering commitment to inspiring creativity, excellence, and lifelong curiosity in every reader.

As you eagerly anticipate the release of this magazine, it stands as a beacon of the collective efforts and aspirations of the KSRCE community. May it continue to inspire and guide future generations towards a brighter tomorrow.

With best wishes

***Mr. R. Srinivasan***

***Chairman***

***KSR Educational Institutions***

# K.S.R. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

An Autonomous Institution

**Dr.M. VENKATESAN, Ph.D.,**

**Dean**



## Message

It is with immense pride and joy that I present to you the latest edition of our CSE Department magazine a vibrant reflection of the creativity, talent, and achievements of our students and staff.

Over the past one decade, KSRCE has served the young engineering aspirants of our nation by providing state-of-art facilities and well knowledgeable faculty members.

The Institute has held high the lighted torch of teaching and learning and has not failed in its duty in the hour of need. The students imbibe qualities of an excellent teacher and researcher to set academic standards. The last couple of years marked several milestones in the history of KSRCE.

Technology is constantly evolving, and staying up to date with the latest trends can help us stay competitive in the job market, give you access to new features and capabilities.

I congratulate the editorial team, contributors, and all those who have worked tirelessly to bring this edition to life. Let this magazine serve not only as a record of our accomplishments but also as an inspiration for the journeys yet to come.

With best wishes

**Dr.M. VENKATESAN**

**Dean**

MAGAZINE 2024

# K.S.R. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

An Autonomous Institution

**Dr.P.MEENAKSHI DEVI, M.E., Ph.D.,  
PRINCIPAL**



## Message

My heartiest welcome to all the young budding Engineers who have joined in "K.S.R. College of Engineering". With the help of highly qualified and dedicated staff members, we will be moulding the students to the required shape which will make them employable. The composite unit of Students, Parents, and Society is our customer. The K.S.R. College of Engineering will strive hard to provide customer satisfaction. In our college, we give top priority to discipline. A series of tests and examinations will be conducted to achieve good performance in the university examinations. An effective Training and Placement (T&P) cell is formed to provide placement to all our students. Importance will be given to extra- curricular and co-curricular activities also.

Excellent infrastructure facilities and good learning atmosphere is an added advantage of this great Institute. I hope all the students admitted here will enjoy the four years of study. Let us all work hard to produce the most competent scientists, engineers. Entrepreneurs, Managers and researchers through Quality Education.

With best wishes  
**Dr.P.MEENAKSHIDEVI  
PRINCIPAL**



# K.S.R. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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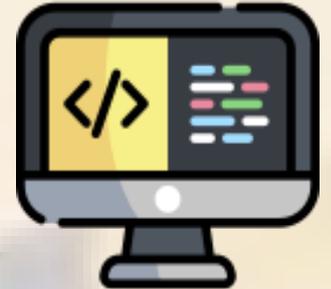
**Dr. V. Sharmila M.E., Ph.D**  
**Professor & Head**



## Message

The HOD of CSE take great honor in congratulating the students who have contributed for the current year's magazine. I really hope that this would be as useful as the last editions. Acknowledging the fact that the magazine is completely created and designed by the students I really hope this would kindle a spark in the minds of the students who are yet to contribute towards the progress of the Magazine Initiative in the upcoming years. All the best students! Wishing you all continued success — keep evolving!"

With best wishes  
**Dr. V. Sharmila**  
**Professor & Head CSE**



## *Editorial Team*



- *Dr.V.Sharmila*



- *Dr.E.Baby Anitha*



- *Mr.V.Ramesh*



- *Mr.M Gobinath/ III CSE - A*



- *Mr.A Ananthu / II CSE - A*



- *Mr.R Vishwa / III CSE - B*



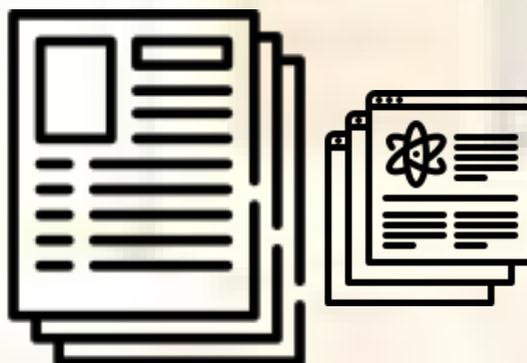
- *Ms .V Yamini / I CSE - D*

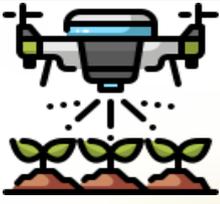


***Articles..***



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## *AI in Agriculture*

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is revolutionizing the agricultural industry by enhancing productivity, efficiency, and sustainability. Through advanced data analytics, machine learning, and robotics, AI enables precision farming techniques, allowing farmers to optimize resource usage such as water, fertilizers, and pesticides.

AI-powered drones and sensors provide real-time monitoring of crop health, soil conditions, and weather patterns, reducing wastage and increasing yield quality. Furthermore, AI-driven automation in harvesting and planting processes reduces labor costs and human errors. By predicting crop diseases and managing supply chains efficiently, AI also addresses food security and climate challenges.

However, the adoption of AI in agriculture faces challenges like high initial costs, data privacy concerns, and the need for farmers to acquire technical expertise. Despite these challenges, AI holds immense potential to transform agriculture, making it more resilient and adaptable to global changes.

AI analyzes historical and real-time data to forecast crop performance and potential issues. This allows farmers to anticipate problems like pest infestations, diseases, and weather changes, enabling proactive measures to protect crops. Platforms like Climate Field View and Where provide AI-driven predictive analytics tools that help farmers forecast weather patterns, pest outbreaks, and crop health issue.

AI applications in livestock management help farmers monitor the health and

behavior of their animals. AI-powered systems use sensors and cameras to track animal movement, detect signs of illness, and monitor feeding patterns, ensuring the well-being of livestock. Companies like Connecters and Cain thus offer AI-driven livestock management solutions that help farmers monitor their animals' health and behavior, ensuring better care and improved productivity.

## *Automated Weed and Pest Control*

Weed and pest management are critical challenges in agriculture. AI-powered systems, such as John Deere's 'See & Spray' technology, utilize high-resolution cameras and machine learning to distinguish between crops and weeds. This enables precise application of herbicides, reducing chemical usage by up to 90%. Similarly, AI-based robots like Farm Wise's Titan FT-35 employ computer vision and robotics to mechanically remove weeds without harming crops, offering an eco-friendly alternative to traditional methods.

## *Livestock Monitoring and Management*

AI is also transforming livestock management by providing tools for real-time health monitoring. Systems like Cattle Eye analyze visual data to detect behavioral changes or signs of illness in animals, allowing for early diagnosis and treatment. Additionally, AI facilitates individual animals' nutritional needs, thereby improving health outcomes and reducing feed costs.

## *Climate-Smart Agriculture*

Climate change poses significant risks to agriculture, but AI offers solutions to mitigate these challenges. Advanced weather forecasting models powered by AI assist farmers in planning planting and harvesting schedules, reducing the impact of adverse weather conditions.

Moreover, AI aids in soil carbon management by analyzing data to optimize carbon sequestration practices, contributing to climate change mitigation efforts.

## *Challenges and Future Prospects*

Despite its potential, the adoption of AI in agriculture faces challenges, including high initial costs, data privacy concerns, and the need for technical expertise. However, ongoing research and development are addressing these issues, making AI tools more accessible to farmers worldwide. As technology advances, AI is expected to play an increasingly vital role in creating resilient, efficient, and sustainable agricultural systems.

AI-driven precision farming techniques enable farmers to monitor and manage crop health with unprecedented accuracy. Drones and satellite imagery, combined with AI algorithms, allow for real-time analysis of soil conditions, moisture levels, and plant health.

For instance, AI applications can detect early signs of diseases or nutrient deficiencies, facilitating timely interventions that prevent crop loss and optimize yields. This approach minimizes the use of pesticides and fertilizers, promoting sustainable farming practices.



***Name : RAVINDER SINGH***

***Class : II YEAR CSE***



## 6G Wireless Technology

6G wireless technology represents the ultimate evolution of mobile communication, aiming to deliver unprecedented data rates, ultra-low latency, and enhanced connectivity. Expected to launch around 2030, it will leverage advanced technologies like AI, machine learning, and massive MIMO to support emerging applications such as holographic communication, autonomous systems, and smart cities. 6G networks, including integrating terrestrial and satellite systems, to ensure seamless global coverage.

Additionally, it will focus on sustainability, addressing energy efficiency and environmental impact. As we delve into this next generation, challenges in spectrum allocation, infrastructure development, and cybersecurity must be navigated. Ultimately, 6G aims to revolutionize how we interact with the digital world.

### Key Features and Technologies

One of the most anticipated features of 6G is its potential to achieve data rates up to significantly surpassing (10x) capabilities of 5G. This leap in speed will enable real-time applications like holographic communication, immersive virtual and augmented reality experiences, and ultra-high-definition video streaming. The integration of AI and machine learning will facilitate intelligent network management, predictive analytics, and self-healing networks, ensuring efficient and reliable connectivity. Additionally, 6G networks will incorporate edge computing to process data closer to the source, reducing latency and enhancing performance.

### Applications and Impact

The implications of 6G extend across various sectors. In healthcare, it will support telemedicine, remote surgeries, and AI-powered diagnostics with real-time data transfer. Autonomous vehicles will benefit from reliable communication for self-driving cars, drones, and smart transportation systems. Smart cities will leverage 6G for intelligent infrastructure, energy management, and seamless communication among connected devices. Furthermore, 6G will enhance industrial IoT applications, enabling automation, robotics, and real-time monitoring in industrial settings.

### Challenges and Future Outlook

Despite its promising prospects, the development and deployment of 6G face several challenges. The need for new spectrum allocations, particularly in the THz frequency range, presents technical and regulatory hurdles. Additionally, ensuring security and privacy in a highly connected environment will require robust authentication mechanisms. As research and development continue, 6G is expected to roll out in the early 2030s, with initial deployments focusing on high-density urban areas and mission-critical applications.

## Challenges and Future Outlook

### 1. Spectrum Allocation

The utilization of higher frequency bands, such as THz frequencies, presents challenges in spectrum allocation and regulation. Coordinated efforts among international bodies will be necessary to establish standards and ensure fair access to spectrum resources.

### 2. Infrastructure Development

Deploying 6G networks will require significant investment in infrastructure, including the installation of small cells, advanced antennas, and fiber-optic backhaul networks. Addressing these infrastructure needs will be crucial for the successful rollout of 6G technology.

### 3. Security and Privacy

As 6G networks become more integrated and complex, ensuring security and privacy will be paramount. Advanced encryption methods, secure authentication protocols, and robust cybersecurity measures will be essential to protect against potential threats and safeguard user data.

### 4. Environmental Impact

The deployment and operation of 6G networks will have environmental implications, including energy consumption and electronic waste. Developing energy-efficient technologies and sustainable practices will be necessary to minimize the ecological footprint of 6G networks.

## Global Developments

Countries worldwide are actively researching and developing 6G technologies.

For instance, in September 2023, LG successfully tested 6G transmission and reception over a distance of 500 meters outdoors.

Additionally, the Indian Institute of Technology-Hyderabad (IIT-H) collaborated with Japan's Sharp Semiconductor Innovation Corporation (SSIC) to test advanced Beyond 5G (B5G) and 6G applications like Holographic Wireless Access and autonomous navigation by 2026.

## Applications of 6G

### Healthcare:

Supports telemedicine, remote surgeries, and AI-powered diagnostics with real-time data transfer.

### Autonomous Vehicles:

Provides reliable communication for self-driving cars, drones, and smart transportation systems.

### Immersive Technologies:

Powers augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR) applications for entertainment, education, and training.



Name : RAJKUMAR G

Class : II YEAR CSE



## ***Screenless Display***

screenless The introduction of display, main aim of screenless display, origin of screenless display, first screenless display and 3-dimensional image projected into thin air.

Technology used in screenless display, types of display involved in screenless technology and shows how vision works in retinal. Advantages of screenless display, disadvantages of screenless display, real time application and conclusion.

A screenless display abstracts the concept of visualizing and interacting with digital information without a traditional screen. It includes technologies like holography, retinal projection, and AR/VR, where images are projected into the air, onto the retina, or through wearables. Interaction may involve gestures, voice commands, or eye-tracking, eliminating the need for physical touch or traditional display surfaces. The goal is to deliver immersive, hands-free experiences for users, blending digital information seamlessly with the environment.

The applications of screenless display technology are vast and varied. In the healthcare sector, it is utilized for medical imaging and surgical procedures, providing real-time data without physical screens. The automotive industry employs head-up displays (HUDs) to project critical information onto windshields, enhancing driver awareness. In gaming and entertainment, screenless displays offer immersive experiences through holographic displays and virtual retinal display (VRD) systems, transforming user interaction. The aerospace and defense sectors apply these technologies in advanced navigation systems and

pilot HUDs, delivering essential data without traditional monitors

Emerging trends in screenless display technology include the integration with augmented reality (AR) to create interactive environments for education and training, development of wearable devices utilizing VRD for hands-free information access, advancements in holography for more realistic and dynamic visualizations, and exploration of synaptic interfaces for direct brain-to-device communication, potentially aiding individuals with visual impairments



Name : PRIYANKA S

Class : II YEAR CSE



## **Cloud Computing**

Cloud computing is a model for delivering on-demand computing services over the internet, allowing users to rent computing resources without the need to buy or maintain hardware. The benefits of cloud computing include cost savings, scalability, efficiency, and enhanced collaboration. Cloud migration strategies involve assessment and planning, data and application migration, and testing and optimization. Future trends in cloud computing include edge computing for improved performance and serverless computing for simplified deployment.

Cloud computing is the delivery of computing services—such as storage, processing, and networking—over the internet. It allows users to access and manage data and applications remotely without owning physical infrastructure. Key benefits include scalability, cost-efficiency, flexibility, and accessibility from anywhere with an internet connection. The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) outlines five essential characteristics of cloud computing: on-demand self-service, broad network access, resource pooling, rapid elasticity, and measured service. These features collectively enable users to provision and manage computing resources dynamically, ensuring that applications and services can scale in real-time to meet varying demands. Cloud services are typically categorized into three primary models:

**Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS):**  
Provides virtualized computing resources over

the internet, such as virtual machines, storage, and networking. Users have control over the operating systems and applications but do not manage the underlying hardware.

**Platform as a Service (PaaS):** Offers hardware and software tools over the internet allowing developers to build and applications without managing the underlying infrastructure.

**Software as a Service (SaaS):** Delivers software applications over the internet, eliminating the need for installations and maintenance on local devices. Leading cloud service providers include Amazon Web Services (AWS), Microsoft Azure, and Google Cloud, each offering a range of services tailored to different business needs. These platforms support various applications, from enterprise resource planning (ERP) systems to artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) workloads.

Despite its advantages, cloud computing presents several challenges. Security and privacy concerns are paramount, as sensitive data is stored off-premises. Organizations must ensure compliance with regulations such as the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and implement robust security measures, including encryption and access controls. Additionally, reliance on internet connectivity and potential service outages can impact business operations, necessitating comprehensive disaster recovery and business continuity planning.

### **Deployment Models**

Cloud computing can be deployed in various models to meet different business needs:

**Public Cloud :** Cloud resources are owned and operated by a third-party cloud service provider and delivered over the internet.

**Private Cloud :** Cloud resources are used exclusively by one business or organization,

offering greater control and security.

**Hybrid Cloud** : Combines private and public clouds, allowing data and applications to be shared between them, offering greater flexibility and deployment options.

### **Benefits**

**Cost Efficiency** : Eliminates the need for significant upfront investments in hardware and software, reducing capital expenditures.

**Scalability and Flexibility** : Allows businesses to scale resources up or down based on demand, ensuring optimal performance and cost management.

**Accessibility** : Enables access to data and applications from anywhere with an internet connection, facilitating remote work and collaboration.

**Reliability and Redundancy** : Cloud providers typically offer high levels of reliability and redundancy, with built-in backup and disaster recovery capabilities to ensure data integrity and minimize downtime.

**Security** : Cloud providers invest heavily in security measures to protect data, applications, and infrastructure from cyber threats, offering robust encryption, access controls, and compliance certifications to safeguard sensitive information.

**Innovation** : Cloud computing enables rapid deployment of new applications and services, allowing businesses to experiment, innovate, and bring products to market faster than traditional IT environments.

### **Challenges**

**Security Concerns**: Data breaches, compliance

issues, and unauthorized access are potential risks associated with storing sensitive information in cloud environments.

**Data Privacy**: Businesses must ensure that their data is protected and compliant with relevant regulations, such as GDPR or HIPAA, when stored or processed in the cloud.

**Compliance Requirements**: Different industries have specific regulatory requirements governing data storage, processing, and transmission.

Businesses must ensure that their cloud computing service providers comply with relevant regulations to avoid penalties and legal issues.

Name : MONISHA V

Class : IV YEAR CSE



## ***5G The Next generation of Wireless Technology***

5G, the Fifth generation of wireless technology, is poised to revolutionize the way we connect and interact with the digital world.

Offering significantly higher data rates, lower latency, and greater network capacity compared to its predecessors, 5G is set to enable a wide range of innovative applications and services.

This abstract provides an overview of the key features, benefits, and potential applications of 5G technology. 5G is poised to transform the way we live, work, and play. With its enhanced capabilities, 5G will drive innovation across a wide range of industries and create new opportunities for businesses and individuals alike.

5G is the fifth generation of wireless technology, designed to provide faster speeds, lower latency, and more reliable connections than previous generations like 4G LTE. It represents a significant leap in mobile communications, with improvements in data capacity, speed, and the ability to support a massive number of devices simultaneously. 5G, the fifth generation of mobile networks, is designed to significantly enhance the speed, responsiveness, and connectivity of wireless systems. Building upon the foundation laid by 4G, 5G offers peak download speeds up to 20 Gbps, a substantial increase from 4G's 1 Gbps. This advancement facilitates the seamless streaming of ultra-high-definition videos, immersive augmented and virtual reality experiences, and supports the growing demands of the Internet of Things (IoT).

One of the most notable features of 5G is its ultra-low latency, with potential reductions to as low as 1 millisecond. This near-instantaneous communication is crucial for applications requiring immediate response times, such as autonomous vehicles, remote surgeries, and real-time industrial automation. For instance, in southern China, a surgeon performed a remote surgery with the support of a consultant surgeon 400 kilometers away, thanks to 5G's low-latency capabilities.

The increased capacity of 5G networks allows for a higher density of connected devices, supporting the proliferation of IoT applications. This is particularly beneficial in environments and smart cities, where numerous devices need to communicate simultaneously. For example, the Freeport of Riga in Latvia has implemented a 5G network to enhance maritime operations, supporting real-time communication and data exchange between the port, cargo ships, and autonomous sea drones.



Name : Pavila Grace J  
Class : III YEAR CSE



## ***DevOps and Continuous integration/continuous deployment***

DevOps is a cultural and technical approach that integrates development and operations teams to improve collaboration, automate processes, and accelerate software delivery. Central to DevOps is Continuous Integration (CI), where developers frequently merge code changes into a shared repository with automated testing, and Continuous Deployment (CD), which automates the release of validated code into production. Together, CI/CD streamlines the software development lifecycle, ~~enabling maintaining reliable quality~~ helping organizations respond quickly to changing market demands.

DevOps is a set of practices, cultural philosophies, and tools designed to improve collaboration between development (Dev) and operations (Ops) teams. The primary goal is to automate and integrate the processes of software development and IT operations to shorten the development lifecycle while delivering high-quality software reliably. It fosters a culture of collaboration and shared responsibility, bridging the gap between traditionally siloed departments

### ***Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment (CI/CD)***

**Continuous Integration (CI)** is a software development practice where code changes are automatically built, tested, and integrated into the shared codebase multiple times

a day. This approach helps detect and address integration issues early, leading to a more stable and reliable codebase.

**(CD) Continuous Deployment** extends CI by automating the release of code changes to production environments. With CD, every change that passes automated tests is automatically deployed to production, ensuring that the software is always in a deployable state.

The CI/CD pipeline typically includes the following stages:

**Source Code Management:** Developers commit code changes to a version control system like Git.

**Build:** The code is compiled and built into executable artifacts.

**Test:** Automated tests are run to validate the code's functionality and quality.

**Deploy:** The code is deployed to staging or production environments.

**Monitor:** The application is monitored for performance and issues. Implementing CI/CD practices offers several benefits:

- **Faster Time to Market:** Automating the build and deployment processes accelerates the release of new features and bug fixes.

- **Improved Quality:** Automated testing ensures that code changes meet quality standards before being deployed.

Name : Sudharsan V  
Class : III YEAR CSE



### ***Bluetooth based smart sensor networks***

Bluetooth based smart sensor networks, The introduction, Main functions of bluetooth, bluetooth devices, how to work bluetooth, pros and cons, smart sensor networks and conclusion. Bluetooth-based smart sensor networks use Bluetooth technology to enable ~~sensors, gateways, and multiple~~ communication, ~~bandwidth~~ a wireless network. These networks are commonly applied in IoT (Internet of Things) systems for applications such as home automation, healthcare monitoring, industrial environments, and more. Bluetooth is a short-range wireless communication protocol designed for low-power, low-cost, and secure data transmission.



Name : Lokesh Kumar N  
Class : III YEAR



### ***Cyber Security***

The Introduction, Common Cyber threats, Cyber security tools, Cyber security best practices, Importance of cyber security in business, Future of cyber security. Cybersecurity refers to the practice of protecting systems, networks, programs, and data from digital attacks, unauthorized access, damage, or theft. It involves various technologies, processes, and measures to ensure the integrity, confidentiality, and availability of information. Cybersecurity is critical in today's digital age due to the growing number of threats and the increasing reliance on digital systems across sectors like finance, healthcare, government, and businesses.

Cybersecurity, a rapidly evolving field, encompasses the protection of digital information and systems from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction. As our reliance on technology grows, so does the potential for cyberattacks. This abstract provides a concise overview of the key concepts, challenges, and trends within cybersecurity



Name: BOSE R  
Class : III YEAR



### ***Global Positioning System (GPS) Technology.***

The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a satellite-based navigation system that provides geolocation and time information to a GPS receiver anywhere on Earth, as long as it has an unobstructed line of sight to at least four GPS satellites. Originally developed by the United States Department of Defense in the 1970s, GPS has since become a widely used tool in civilian applications worldwide

The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a satellite-based navigation technology initially developed by the U.S. Department of Defense (DoD). Its primary purpose was for military applications, but it was made available for civilian use in the 1980s. Today, GPS technology is used in various industries, including transportation, communication, mapping, surveying, and personal navigation.

Name : SREE PRATHAA R

Class : I YEAR



### ***Gen AI***

Generative AI refers to a class of artificial intelligence models designed to generate new content, such as text, images, audio, or even video. Rather than simply analyzing or recognizing existing data, these models are trained to create entirely new outputs based on the patterns learned from their training data

Generative AI has seen advancements, especially with models like GPT (Generative Pre-trained Transformer), GANs (Generative Adversarial Networks), and others, making it a powerful tool for creativity, content creation, automation, and problem-solving.

Generative AI is a broad category of artificial intelligence focused on creating new content that mimics or enhances real-world data. Unlike traditional AI, which typically analyzes and classifies data, generative AI models produce novel outputs like text, images, audio, code, and more. The technology has applications across industries, ranging from entertainment and healthcare to software development and business.

Name : PRAVEEN V

Class : I YEAR



### ***Graphical password authentication for enhanced security.***

Graphical Password Authentication is a form of authentication using images rather than letters, digits, or special characters.

Graphical password authentication offers an innovative solution to complex passwords across multiple websites.

This is a visual approach where users select a sequence of images, such as different chocolates, in a specific pattern. First, the user must register if the registration does not exist. Second, user must login with a valid user ID and password. Upon subsequent login attempts, the images are shuffled, but the user must replicate the initial pattern to gain access.

User should choose according to the registration password; it must to match at login time. Recognition Based Techniques are used in this project which is popular choice, as its more user-friendly and resistant to shoulder surfing attacks.

This method enhances security as the sequence remains the same, while the image placement changes, making it resilient to brute force and dictionary attacks. By leveraging visual recognition and memory, graphical password authentication provides a robust and user-friendly alternative to traditional password-based systems, alleviating the burden of remembering complex passwords and enhancing overall Cyber security.

Name : MAHA VIDHYA SRI L

Class : I YEAR



### ***AI-Powered-Yoga-Trainer***

People are demanding more for new technologies that would help in making their normal life easier. In other words, technology became one of the most important tools in our daily life. The chatbot is also known as Chatterbots, are software agents that stimulate human conversation via text messages. The idea is to create a medical chatbot that can diagnose the disease and provide basic remedies for minor diseases and also the process of taking appointments according to patient's wish without getting worried about privacy due to the high confidentiality of the system.

The user can ask the system to get recommendations for selecting a suitable doctor for a particular case. This system can be used by multiple users at a time without any lagging. The proposed system is an efficient, cheap, easy, and quick way to help patients to have a one-to-one conversation with the Chatbot that helps and assists them to take care of their health effectively. The system can be accessed from anywhere and at any time conveniently. The developed python-based chatbot has the Python language, which has many libraries that support machine learning processes.

Name : ANIS SANKAR V

Class : I YEAR

## கோடைக்கதிரவனே

நீயே கிழக்கில்  
உதிக்கிறாய்!  
மேற்கில் மறைகிறாய்!  
இருளை  
ஒளிமயமாக்குகிறாய்  
ஆனால் ஏன் பாடாய்படுத்துகிறாய்  
இடையே உள்ள ஆறு மணி நேரத்தில்...  
துள்ளி குதிக்கும் சுட்டிகள்  
சுருண்டு கிடக்கிறார்கள்  
மூலையில் கதிரவனே!  
உன் கதகதப்பில் கலியுக மக்கள்  
கதறுகிறார்கள்  
கதிரவனே!  
கலியுக மக்களை எரித்து விடாதே!  
மானிடர்களை மன்னித்து விடு...



வெ.யாமினி,

பி.இ. கணினி அறிவியல் முதலாம் ஆண்டு,  
கே.எஸ்.ஆர். பொறியியல் கல்லூரி,  
திருச்செங்கோடு, நாமக்கல் மாவட்டம்.

## உடன்பிறவா சகோதரனுக்காக...

அன்னையும் அவனே  
அப்பனும் அவனே  
அன்பு பால் ஊட்டுபவனும் அவனே  
ஆரத்தழுபவனும் அவனே  
நட்பில் நாயகனாகவும்  
பண்பில் பகுத்தறிவாளனாகவும்  
உதவியில் வள்ளலாகவும்  
உண்மையில் உதய சூரியனாகவும்  
உதித்து கொண்டிருக்கின்ற எந்தன் அண்ணனுக்கு  
உந்தன் தங்கை எழுதிக்கொள்வது...  
உடன் பிறவா சகோதரனுக்காக...



வெ.யாமினி, பி.இ. கணினி பொறியியல், முதலாம் ஆண்டு,  
கே.எஸ்.ஆர். பொறியியல் கல்லூரி,  
திருச்செங்கோடு, நாமக்கல் மாவட்டம்

Name: YAMINI V  
Class: I YEAR

விடாமுயற்சியில் நடைபயின்று  
தன்னம்பிக்கையை விதையாக்கு  
இலக்கினை குறிவைத்து  
பயிற்சியைப் பாடமாக்கு  
துணியை முன்னிருத்தி  
துதிப்பாடாமல் முன்னேறு  
தோல்வியில் வினாயெழுப்பி  
வாழ்வியலை அடிப்படையாக்கு  
சோதனையை மூலதனமாக்கி  
வெற்றிக்கொடி கட்டு....

*AB4*

Name: HARIHARASUDHAN R

Class: I YEAR

தோல்விகள் இல்லாமல்  
வெற்றியை அடைய முடியாது  
தோல்வி என்றும்  
வீரனுக்கு அழகு தான்  
துவண்டு போகாமல்  
முயற்சியை கை விடாமல்  
சாதித்து காட்டுவோம்

Name: SAMINATHAN S

Class: I YEAR

*Sports :*

*All India Inter University Athletics Winner*



Name: S. Kaviya  
Year: M.E



Name: Yazhini. S  
Year: II



Name: Baarhavi M D  
Year: II